and happiness to their wives and daughters in dependencies, must also be fed with further Lisbon-2 scene which sometimes becomes too interesting to be comfortable.

"The ancient walls built by the Moors round this place, are in part standing. They have made some repairs of late, but could not d fend themselves against any force of consequeace. Every Portuguese that I see, thinks he can kill about five Frenchmen. The common people are very anxious to have a chance with their knives. Some say they hate the. English worse; but I see no signs of it.

"To hear some of our great men talk here, one would think we were fighting tremendons battles with our beef and flour, or rather by threatening to withhold them. This kind of wordy courage in my countryman makes me feel rather tame. I have seen enough of commerce to know that our pouting and refusing to send to others what we cannot consume curselves, is not quite so formidable a warfare, as that which is waged with such fleets and armies as I see in Europe.

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE. Bondeaux, 18th Feb. 1811.

On the 20th ult. I advised youthat the Minister of Finance had, in a letter to the Director General of the Customs, declared, that on the 24 of this month the Emperor's intentions as to the definitive measures to be adopted to distinguish and favor the American commerce, should be made known. This desired commade ; and it is supposed will not, until official advices are received from the United States of the Non-Intercourse Act having been put into execution.

We have now six or seven American vessels in port. After the crews are interrogate ed, their papers are laid before his majesty; those found in rule are liberated, together with such parts of their cargoes as are composed of the products of the United States; articles not such, are held over for further consideration.

The proceeds of the inward cargoes must be exported in the manufactures and produce of France--one half whereof in saks.

Owing to the uncertainty of commercial regulations and the many failures and embarrassments throughout the continent; business is in the most profound calm. We trust, however, that ere long measures will be adopted to place commercial transactions on a more favorable footing; and we hope to see them revive with the approaching Spring .-- Brandies, wines, oits, and dry goods are now at very moderate Tates.

	RUBI	CRT	AND	REWS.
	fres.	dr.	fres.	dr.
Coffee	3.	0		70 per lb.
Beeswax	1	80	2	
Indigo, Louisiana	9		14	
. 1. of France			15	
Cutton, Bourbon	750		800	per ql.
Georgia short	480		550	
Louisiana	530		600	
Sugar, white ci'd	335		390	
brown do.			340	
muscov.	250		233	
Logwood	70		85	
Rice	. 40		44	X. STORY
B. Ayres Hides	130		150	
Potash	70		85	
Pearl ash	70		75	
Deer Skins, shave	d 3		4	per lb
in ha			5	a piece
Bear Skins	14		20	
Wine, common car	go 0%	bear	1, 285	f. p. ton.
Brandy, 4th fireof	on bo	ard.	200	50 velts
Sweet Oil,			19	p. doz.
Exchange on I	ondon		17	
		36		

BORDEAUX, Feb. 19. The Fox and the Eagle being about to sail for America, I write you a few lines. The mail for Bayonne, will depart in an hour, without affording time for detail. The emperor has taken all the tobaccos from the U. States to himself--that is, his agents have orders to seize all, and sell it for him, under what is called here the new rule. This much is matter of fact, known to every body here; all things else are conjecture: -- still I hope for the speedy release of the -; but her papers have not yet been returned from Paris.

The French government have taken the following vessels, which are now fitting out last sailers) at Bayonne for Batavia: sch'rs Prosper, of New York; Postboy, of Phil'a; Irim, Eleanor, Fawn, Postboy, Exchange, Hawk, 6, of Baltimore; and ship Hawk, of Phil'd.

Vesseis at Bayonne, &c. waiting events .---Ann of N. York; schr. Giobe of Baltimore; Purse, N. York. Schr. Tilsit fr. N. York at Passage; brig Telemachus, Salem; brig N. Orleans Packet of N. York from Cadiz; ship Traveller from N. York ; brigs Milo, Female, and schr. Atlas, from Baltimore [mentioned yesterday as being at Bordeaux and several schooners which arrived long since.

The Globe, arrived from Baltimore at Passage 15th January, since gone to Bayonne.

February 23d, 1811. In annexing the within price-current, I must say that quotations are merely nominal, owing to the late failures in the capital as well as in most of the trading towns: the crisis indeed is such that no purchaser would come orward for goods of any consequence, and that business may be said quite stagnant -- things however, cannot stay long in that precarious ituation: consumption, reduced as it is, will nanufactures, so numerous in France and its sel contured under that Decree Jan. 26 !

-apperos.	42.00		1		TIPL H		10 (00 00)
	F. C		F. C		F. (C.	Per
Ashes, Pot	65	a	70		16	50	quin.
Pearl	67	a	70				
Cod-Fi h, dry,	65	a	70				
green,		a	50		5	50	
Oil, Whale,	70	a	75		He se		
Rice, Fish,	75				13	75	
Rice,	33	a	42		11		
Bark, Quarcit.	11)	a	130		15	50	•
Bees Wax	1	70 a	1	75	3	75	
Deer skins, hai	r, 5	a	5	25			~
shaved,	3	a	. 3	25		15	cent.
Cotton, Louisi.	550 .	a	600				
Geor. short	475	a	550		333		
long	750	a	850				.12
Cay. & Bour.	800	a	825		440		
Brazils,	850	a	900				
Coffee, Mur. &							
Bourbon	3	75 a	4	.83		EX	
St. Domin	. 3	2) a	4	10	2	20	
Java,							
Hides, B. Ayre					5	50	hide.
Indigo, Louisi.	10	a	15				lb.t
Mahogany	30	a	75		27	50	quin.
Rocoa or Annat	to 3	75 4	4		. 1		15.
Sugar, white cl	. 32)	a	355		220		qu.t
Muscovado	250	a	235	,	165		1

* Scarce---an article of small consumption. † 4 boxes Indigo of Isle of France, sold 12 francs. 5 do. do. Bongal, 22 is. 50 c.

1 10 boxes white Havanna, - 31 dry, munication, however, has not as yet been sold 355 frs. 100 do. India brown 31. ordin.

N. B. The above rates of duties include the additional duty.

Tobacco liable heretofore to a duty of 220 fr. perquintal, is no longer admitted for home use: it cannot be warehoused for exportation

Colonial produce imported directly from the French colonies in vessels of the United States, whose crews must consist of at least three-fourths of American citizens will pay one fourth part of the duty--- say coffee 55 fr. pr. quintal : sugar 55 fr. do. &c

	EACHA YORG.	
Amsterdam,	58 3-4 groots banco	-an + 5
Hamburgh,	58 3-4 groots banco 25 3-8 shill banco	bot 2 m
London,	17 fr. c. per pound	
Madrid,	15 80 per pistoie.	
Dollars,	5 frs. 27 centimes.	

Doubloons, 84 frs."

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman, dated

" PARIS, March 1, 1811. " Our affairs here have assumed a black uspect; orders have been received at the custom-house, to do nothing more in American cases until further orders; of course no more Americans will be admitted.'

a letter dated " BORDEAU March 5, 1811.

"The last advices from Paris, are rather alarming for the Americans. A report being presented to the Emperor in favor of the admission of several American vessels, the Enperor instead of issning dicrees to that effect, ordered the Director-General of the Custo as to suspend all admissions of Americ n cargoes, until further instructions from him on the subject. It appears, that nothing short of a declaration of war on the part of the U. States will satisfy this Government. Our American friends here are much alarmed.

" N. B. One of the vessels included in the report had an imperial license, and the others were loaded with cotton."

Translated for the Fed. Republican. Mexico, Feb. 20, 1811

By an express, which has just arrived here, we learn, that on the 12th the army under the command of general Callej's marched from Gaudalaxara for Lagos. It is possible they will proceed to San Luiz Potosi, in the neighbourhood of which is the curate Hidalgo and other chieftains, but without power or consideration, because but few now follow his fortune. General Cruz returned to Guadalaxara the same day, the 12th in order to govern that kingdom. His division entered into Tepic and Puerto San Bias, where they collected from the insurgents 300,000 dollars in silver, and 500 in effects, making prisoners of the chieftain Aidama, and ten insurgent marshals

and colonels beside. In the intendancy of Valaldolid, there are different parties of from 500 to 1000 men, robbing and destroying every thing; but in order to disperse these flying parties of banditti troops have marched from Queettaro, Valladolid and Guanajuato, by which means the former good order and quiet will be shortly restored.

BOSTON, April 15.

The 'rig Neutrality, c.pt. Henry Packard, of Boston, from Battimore, for Bristol, Eng. was CAPTURED, January, 28, by a French privateer brig, and ordered to the first port in France. The mate and seamen were taken on board the privateer-the captain left in the vessel. The mate and crew were afterwards put on board, the Maysville of Philadelphia, and landed at Newry, Feb. 10. The mate ar, rived at this place on Saturday, in the Venus from Liverpool. The Maysville was plundered by the Frenchmen, but being an old vessel, and loaded entirely with flaxseed, was released only on account of being not worth taking.

The Venus, arrived here from Liverpool, is seized, because the Berlin decrees are repeal fall for fresh stocks: the Cotton and other ed! and she brings the mate of a Boston ves-

ALEXANDRIA DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, APRIL 23.

** Owing to the indisposition of one of the carriers of this Gazette, many of our Subscribers may not have received the paper of yesterday. Such as may have been neglected by the new Carrier, will please to give notice at the office.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, Jan. 15, 1811.

To avoid the danger of capture in making this Port, all vessels bound there ought to make Cape Spartel, and keep as clear of the coast from Rota to San Lucar as possible. Most of those captured have mistaken the latter place for Cadiz, and have been taken close in with the land. The danger would be trifling were these directions followed.

BERLIN & MILAN DECREES. From the Aurora.

" France has repealed her decrees so far as they relate to the commerce of the United States, which is all we have asked for, or care about, and consequently our intercourse is open with that notion."

Those unacquainted with Duane, & the character of his paper, would scarcely believe that such an assertion could be hazarded at this time. Experience, however, has convinced us, that no sense of shame can induce Duane to retrace; and that in spite of all the evidence that has arrived, and will continue to arrive, he will obstinately persist in this absurd deciration. Can any thing more be wanting to discover the springs that move him?

It is some consolation to observe that all the democratic papers do not obey the mandates of the Aurora. The Intelligencer says:

"The verbal news from France, which will be found under the Philadelphia head in this paper, presents a gloomy appearance, but coes not appear in such a form as to enable us to ascertain its bearing with precision. A few days will probably afford information to enable us to judge conclusively on the subject; until that time, it would be predent to suspend our judgment."

The Butimore Evening Post talks much at large on the same subject; indeed, the editor seems to be quite in a passion. The following is extracted from his paper:

"The late news from France has not surprised the thinking part of the community ---he who has prof ssed atheism, deism, Manometanism, or Christianity as might best suit his purpose---wno violated his oath, and entered the legislative councils of his country at the head of a body of armed men---who swore fideli y to the republic, and fortawith violated the constitution he himself dictated and compelied the people to adopt---and has done "deeds without a name" never to be enumerated; whose nod is secret death or open rapine, desolation and muraer --- uSURPER, a TYRANT --- cannot surprize us for violating the promise of his slave --- for such is every one of this subjects. '

So we are not to be "surprized" at Bonaparte's treachery! This is true enough; but why was any confidence placed in him at

The last extract that we shall make at present is from the Whig:

" Why does Bonaparte hesitate to do justice? Is he suspicious that our government would not enforce the non-intercourse against Englana ("

Who does not perceive in this a miserable attempt to justify the French emperor's breach of fa th. The sentence was obviously intended to read thus: " Why does Bonaparte hesitate to do us justice? Because he is suspicious," &c. The continual robbery and plunder of American vessels and property is represented as barely "hesitating to do us justice!" Could the Paris Moniteur use other language !

DANIEL SMITH, Esq. of Rockingham is appointed by the executive of Virginia a Judge of the General Court, in the place of James Allen, Esq. who decrined to accept the office.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. CONGRESS.

Major D. Sheffey is re-elected without opposition.

Judge Hugh Nelson, elected without opposition, in the district of Albemarle, &c.

James Pleasants, elected without opposition, in the district of Chesterfield, &c.

Gen. John Smith, re-elected without opposition.

Was raised in Hopewell township, Cumheriand county, West N. Jersey, by Isaac Wheaton, a hog weighing 800 wt 1 gr. 6lb and was killed on the 11th of April, 1811. The fat from the entrairs. 26 lb. He measured eight feet from the end of the nose to the root of the tail; seven feet four inches round the body, and three feet 10 inches high.

The honerable Roger Griswold is elected Governor of the state of Connecticut ;--- the other candidate was the present Governor Treadwell--both Federalists. The voice in 104 towns sto das follows.

> For Griswold 7875 For Treadwell Scattering 415

Majority for Griswold There were 15 towns which had not been heard from, but it was supposed they would not materially alter the majority.

Married in January last, at Baltimore, b the rev. Asa Shinn, the rev. F. Earclay, of this town, to Mrs. Eliza Swain, of Baltimore.

Just Received, A few casks CLOVER SEED. For sale by I & Jacob Doug als,

Who have also just received, One bale genuine TURKEY RED COTTON

of a fine number, 15 bales first quality SPINNING COTTON. 12 hlds. 1st & 2d quality SUGARS, 40 bbls. prime WHISKEY,

And a general assortment of GRUCERIES.

Which will be sold low. April 23

003t* Private Boarding, May be had by applying to J sten Thous.

Tox, in King St eer, 3 doors below the Domestic Wa chouse WANTED,

A smart ac ive Negro BOY; for w ich liberal wages will be given,

April 23

LOST, 8 or 10 days ago, between Washington and Alexandria,

A small brais-mounted dirk or cut e u. The finder will please leave it at the Printing- thee and receive a reasonable re-

April 23. 3t. For FREIGHT, The SHIP MERRIMACK, CHARLES COOR jun. Master;

Burthen about 3000 barrels; a first rate vessel, in complete order for the reception of a cargo. Apply to

Lawrason and Fowle.

April 22.

For FREIGHT,

The Ship Saratoga, C B. Trought, mester; tur-C.B. Trought, mester; burg ew in complete order to tecrive a cargo, and hourly expected from Hampton Roads. ALSO,

The brig LEO,

Benjamin Rutherford, Master; burt b at 15,0 Barrels, nearly a new Vessel, in o uplect order, and daily expected from an Eastern port - p ly to

Lawrason & Fowle. April 17.

three days. Apply to

For FREIGHT, The new Ship Salie, Reuben Fisher, master; burden about three thousand barre's and can be ready to rece.ve a cargo in

Lawrason & Fowle.

April 15

Baltimore Slate.

THE subscribers will contract for any quantity of the allove SLATE, which is acknowledged to be superior to any discovered in this country. Persons wanting, can have it delivered by giving 30 days notice, at the nucked prices, with the addition of freight and shipping expences.

Lawrason & Fowle.

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10 and	11 inches in length	88 7	
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14	15	9 50	PR
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22	23	11 50	*
24	26	t2: i	PA
.8	3)	12	
Apri	9.	lawie	21

"." The editors of newspapers in George. Town and City of Washin; ton, are requeste ed to pur ish the above advertisement once a week for twelve weeks, and transmit their accounts to this office.